

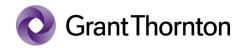
### **Financial Statements**

Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission

March 31, 2024

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### Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission ("MPHEC"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission as at March 31, 2024, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the MPHEC's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the MPHEC or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the MPHEC's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the MPHEC's internal control.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the MPHEC's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the MPHEC to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Halifax. Canada June 26, 2024

Chartered Professional Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission						
Statement of Financial Position  March 31	2024	2023				
Maich 31	2024	2023				
Assets						
Current						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,819,453	\$ 4,792,389				
Prepaids	13,437	62,377				
Receivable from	•					
New Brunswick	9,608	24,063				
Nova Scotia	8,523	-				
Other receivables	23,893					
	9,874,914	4,910,349				
Capital assets (Note 3)	<u>36,642</u>	<u>55,169</u>				
	A A A 4 4 5 5 A	<b>#</b> 4 005 540				
	\$ 9,911,556	\$ 4,965,518				
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Payables and accruals (Note 4)	\$ 57,886					
Operating grants payable to institutions	6,632,762					
Deferred revenue	1,029,933	836,635				
Committed funds (Note 7)	2 427 002	2,793,382				
Operating grants Capital grants	2,137,983 16,350	2,793,362 16,350				
Capital grants	9,874,914	4,910,349				
	<del>3,014,314</del>	4,310,348				
Net Assets	36,642	55,169				
	\$ 9,911,556	\$ 4,965,518				
	+ -,,	+ .,000,010				

Commitments (Note 5)

On behalf of the Board of Commissioners

C.M.			216Watur	
( when	0	Director	NVV Vally	Directo

# Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31 **2024** 2023

Revenue		
Contributions		
New Brunswick	\$ 552,436	\$ 513,090
Nova Scotia	691,898	644,200
Prince Edward Island	109,675	103,374
Other	-	99,421
Operating grants		,
Prince Edward Island	20,000	20,000
Project Revenue	385,064	410,150
,		
	1,759,073	1,790,235
Expenditures		
Amortization	29,631	21,976
Salaries and Benefits	1,173,200	1,158,244
Office rent	113,595	113,576
Professional services	318,213	294,834
Other services	19,879	24,032
Travel		
Board members	1,260	40.000
Other travel Per diem allowance	6,142 1,725	12,980 1,275
Office supplies, books, and subscriptions	7,025	4,858
Publications	1,852	3,443
Special projects, committees and other (Note 6)	105,078	99,848
	1,777,600	1,735,066
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures	<u>\$ (18,527</u> ) \$	55,169
No. 1 1 2 2 60	<b>*</b> 55.400 <b>*</b>	
Net assets, beginning of the year	\$ 55,169	-
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures	(18,527)	55,169
Net assets, end of year	\$ 36,642 \$	55,169
INEL ASSELS, EITA OI YEAI	<u>φ 30,042</u> ₫	5 55,109

# Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows Year ended March 31		2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in)			
Operating activities			
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenditures for the year	\$	(18,527)	\$ 55,169
Amortization		<u> 29,631</u>	21,976
		11,104	77,145
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations			
Prepaids		48,940	(60,863)
Receivable from			(0.4.000)
New Brunswick		14,455	(24,063)
Nova Scotia		(8,523)	-
Prince Edward Island Other receivables		- 7 607	20,000
Payables and accruals		7,627 (3,036)	55,057 (58,423)
Operating grants payable to institutions		5,429,702	(2,976,903)
Deferred revenue		193,298	400,024
Committed funds		(655,399)	(212,038)
Committee lands	_	5,038,168	(2,780,064)
Investing activities		<u> </u>	<u>(=,: 00,00 :</u> )
Addition of capital assets		(11,104)	<u>(77,145</u> )
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		5,027,064	(2,857,209)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		<u>4,792,389</u>	7,649,598
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,819,453	\$ 4,792,389

## Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2024

#### 1. Nature of operations

In accordance with the Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Acts (Section 18, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; Section 19, Nova Scotia), the provinces have the option of paying grants to the institutions, either directly or through the Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission (the Commission or MPHEC). Since the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick make direct payments to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick institutions, these financial statements include only the operating and capital grant payments to Prince Edward Island institutions. MPHEC is a not-for-profit organization, and as a result is exempt from income tax under section 149(1)(I).

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### Basis of presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts held on account at financial institutions.

#### Management estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those reported.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Purchased capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. When a capital asset no longer contributed to the Commission's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Depreciation is provided on the declining balance basis for all assets except leasehold improvements which is amortized on a straight line basis, at the following rates:

Computer hardware30%Computer software100%Office equipment and furniture30%Leasehold improvements10 years

## **Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Notes to the Financial Statements**

March 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue

The Commission follows the deferral method of accounting for its contributions, grants and project revenue. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable and the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### **Operations surplus**

The unallocated excess (deficiency) of administrative revenue over expenditures for the year is considered to be part of the Consolidated Fund. The surplus less impact due to acquisition and depreciation of capital assets is included in the amount due to the Council of Atlantic Premiers.

#### Pension plan

The Commission participates in the Pension Plan for Employees of the Council of Atlantic Premiers and Participating Employers. The plan is a defined benefit pension plan which was considered fully funded on a going concern basis as of the last actuarial valuation of October 1, 2021, however as the Commission simply participates in the plan, it accounts for it as if it was a defined contribution plan. Pension expense is recognized when plan contributions are made or become due. During the year, the Commission recognized pension expenses of \$51,176 (2023 - \$63,694).

#### **Financial instruments**

The Commission considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in certain limited circumstances. The Commission accounts for the following as financial instruments:

- cash and cash equivalents
- receivables
- payables and accruals

A financial asset or liability is recognized when the Commission becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Commission initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

The Commission subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost less any reduction for impairment. The Commission removes financial liabilities, or a portion of, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in net income.

## **Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Notes to the Financial Statements**

March 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

The Commission is exposed to credit risk through its financial instruments. The Commission is not exposed to significant liquidity risk, interest rate risk or other price risk.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Commission's main credit risks relate to its receivables. Provisions are maintained for potential credit losses; no such losses have been recognized to date. Management believe the Commission is not exposed to any significant credit risk and no provision for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

#### 3. Capital Assets

	Cost		Accumulated Amortization		2024 Net Book Value		2023 Net Book Value	
Computer hardware Computer software Leasehold improvements Office equipment and furniture	\$	383,741 141,915 121,954 175,711	\$	365,453 137,165 113,041 171,020	<b>\$</b>	18,288 4,750 8,913 4,691	\$ 24,179 4,018 21,108 5,864	
	\$	823,321	\$	786,679	\$	36,642	\$ 55,169	

#### 4. Payables and accruals

Included in payables are government remittances payable relating to payroll of \$90 (2023 - \$135).

#### 5. Commitments

Future minimum annual lease commitments under a long term lease for office facilities are as follows:

Year ending March 31, 2025	\$ 110,908
2026	27,800

# Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Notes to the Financial Statements

March 31, 2024

#### 6. Special projects, communities and other

		2024	 2023
Privacy & Security	\$	501	\$ 132
Survey Program		83,610	130,621
MPHEC conference/workshop/collaboration		454	11,906
Committees and other		20,513	18,506
Recognition of tangible capital assets		<u>-</u>	 (61,317)
	<u>\$</u>	105,078	\$ 99,848

# Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2024

7. Committed funds								
		New Brunswick	Prince Edward Island		<u>Other</u>		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Operating grants balance, beginning of year	\$	427,241	\$ 2,363,600	\$	2,541	\$	2,793,382	3,005,420
Revenue								
Grants								
Unrestricted		-	64,308,800		-		64,308,800	58,928,300
Restricted		1,188,938	17,271,500		-		18,460,438	14,592,061
Newfoundland and Labrador – rehabilitation program seats					216,000		216,000	216,000
		1,188,938	81,580,300		216,000		82,985,238	73,736,361
Expenditures								
Unrestricted								
Holland College		-	21,799,800		-		21,799,800	20,163,400
University of Prince Edward Island		-	40,295,000		-		40,295,000	36,764,900
Interprovincial transfers								
Province of Nova Scotia		-	1,840,025		-		1,840,025	1,652,266
Province of Quebec		-	98,294		-		98,294	245,140
Restricted								
Joint Project – Computer Network		1,601,899	63,342		-		1,665,241	1,361,810
Holland College		-	7,879,700		-		7,879,700	7,586,300
University of Prince Edward Island		-	9,826,577		_		9,826,577	5,938,583
Newfoundland and Labrador – rehabilitation program seats		-	-		216,000		216,000	216,000
		1,601,899	81,802,738		216,000		83,620,637	73,928,399
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures,		, ,	· ·		,			
for the year		(412,961)	(222,438)		_		(635,399)	(192,038)
Transfer to administration		-	(20,000)		_		(20,000)	(20,000)
			(,)				(==,===)	(==,==)
Operating grants balance, end of year		14,280	2,121,162		2,541		2,137,983	2,793,382
, ,		,	, , -		•		, ,	
Capital grants balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 16,350	\$	_	¢	16,350	6 16,350
Capital grants balance	Ψ	-	φ 10,330	Φ	-	Ψ	10,350	5 10,330